## AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS:

The following claim set replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- (currently amended) A portable device for the production of electrical energy, comprising a matrix of one or more conversion modules, [[(11),]] operating in series or in parallel, wherein each of the conversion modules which-comprises:
   [[-]] a combustion chamber having a substantially spherical shape and [[(14)]] made of material that is able to withstand high temperatures.
  - means for supplying a combustion support substance into the combustion chamber.

means for the removal of gaseous combustion products,

means for igniting the combustion reaction,

- [[-]] an injection device [[(16)]] connected to said combustion chamber [[(14)]] by means of an injection conduit [[(15)]].
- [[-]] a controller [[(30)]] of the injection frequency and hence of generated power, —means (17) for supplying combustion support substance into the combustion shamber (14).
- -means (18) for the removal of gaseous combustion products,
- [[-]] means [[(26)]] for the selective emission of radiation onto [[the]] <u>an</u> outer surface of the combustion chamber, [[(14)]]
- means (24) for the conversion of radiant energy into electrical energy,
- means for igniting the combustion reaction.
- characterised in that the combustion chamber (14) is enclosed in
- a conversion chamber [[(20)]] <u>having a semi-ellipsoidal shape</u> within which ere maintained-sub-atmospheric pressure conditions <u>are maintained</u>, <u>wherein</u> <u>the combustion chamber is enclosed in the conversion chamber and is</u> postioned in correspondence with a focus of said ellipsoid, and <del>so that a</del>

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## substantial part of the heat developed by the combustion reaction is

means for the conversion of radiant energy into electrical energy, positioned on a

planer surface of the conversion chamber that is perpendicular to a

greater axis of the ellipsoid and passes through the center of the ellipsoid.

- (canceled)
- (canceled)
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in that said means [[(24)]] for the conversion of radiant energy into electrical energy comprise a plurality of photovoltaic cells.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in that said means for the selective emission of radiation have a narrow emission band with a peak in correspondence with the wavelength at which the conversion means [[(24)]] have the maximum conversion efficiency.
- 6. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in that said means for the selective emission of radiation comprise a lining [[(26)]] applied onto the outer surface of the combustion chamber [[(14)]], said lining being constituted by a material selected in the group comprising: micro-structure metal, metallic or dielectric photonic crystal, oxide or mixture of oxides of rare earths.
- 7. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in that the outer surface of the combustion chamber [[(14)]] has [[such]] a total area such that the radiant energy emitted by the emission means [[(26)]] is equal to the sum of the total thermal energy developed by the combustion reaction at steady state and of the fraction of radiant energy that is reflected by the inner

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- walls of the conversion chamber or by the conversion means [[(24)]] and reabsorbed by the combustion chamber [[(14)]].
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in that said conversion chamber [[(20)]] has axes whose size ranges between 3 and 50 times the diameter of the combustion chamber.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in that said injection device [[(16)]] is a head of the ink-jet type.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 9, wherein eharacterised in that said injection head is of the bubble ink-jet type.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 9, wherein eheracterised in that said injection head is piezoelectric.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in
  that the combustion chamber [[(14)]] is constituted by material with high thermal
  conductivity and able to withstand high temperatures.
- 13. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 12, wherein eheraeterised in that part of the inner surface of the combustion chamber [[(14)]] is coated with a porous layer of material with low thermal conductivity and able to withstand high temperatures.
- 14. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 13, wherein eheracterised in that the porosities of said porous layer are coated by a catalysing material serving the purpose of lowering the activation temperature of the combustion reaction and of limiting the generation of noxious combustion products.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 12, wherein characterised in that the combustion chamber [[(14)]] is made of metallic material.

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- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 15, <u>wherein</u> eheracterised in that said metallic material is constituted by tungsten or molybdenum.
- 17. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eharacterised in that said injection conduit [[(15)]] and said means [[(17)]] for supplying the combustion support substance and said means [[(18)]] for extracting the combustion gases are made of a material with low thermal conductivity.
- 18. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 17, wherein an eheracterised in-that the outermost segment of the exhaust conduit [[(18)]] is made of a material with high thermal conductivity to allow combustion products to yield the residual heat before exiting the conversion chamber.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in that the injection conduit [[(15)]] and the means [[(17)]] for injecting the combustion support substance independently end into the combustion chamber [[(14)]].
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in
  that the means [[(17)]] for the injection of the combustion support substance end
  into the injection conduit [[(15)]] before entering the combustion chamber [[(14)]].
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in
  that the conversion chamber [[(20)]] is formed within a structure [[(19)]] made of
  optically polished metallic material.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in
  that the conversion chamber [[(20)]] is defined within a structure [[(19)]] made of
  plastic or ceramic material and coated with a layer [[(23)]] of material with high
  reflectance

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- 23. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 4, wherein a eharacterised in that the surface of said photovoltaic cells facing the interior of said conversion chamber [[(20)]] is coated with an optical lining operating on the long wavelengths of the electromagnetic radiation as a band pass filter with transmittance peak in correspondence with the wavelength at which the photovoltaic cells have the maximum conversion efficiency.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 4, wherein characterised in that said photovoltaic cells are based on Schottky junctions.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 24, wherein eheracterised in that said Schottky junctions are made of silicon eiliea-and aluminium.
- 26. (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 23, wherein eheracterised in that said optical lining is made of a material selected from the group comprising: multilayer dielectric lining, metallic lining at the percolation state, metallic photonic crystal, anti-reflection micro-structure.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheresterised in that the injection device [[(16)]] is constituted by a miniaturised Bunsen burner.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 17, wherein eheracterised in that the gaseous fuel injected by said injection device [[(16)]] belongs to the group comprising: methane, propane, butane, hydrogen, natural gas.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in
  that the exhaust conduit [[(18)]] is internally coated with catalysing material able
  to neutralise the noxious products of the combustion reaction.

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- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eharacterised in that the exhaust conduit [[(18)]] has an articulated path in order to favour the cooling of the exhaust gas.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eharacterised in that the injection conduit [[(15)]] has an articulated path in order to prevent the combustion products to return towards the injection means.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eharaeterised in that said ignition means are electrical and the combustion is started by an electrical discharge, by a spark or by an incandescent filament.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in that vacuum is obtained inside the conversion chamber (20).
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheraeterised in that inside the conversion chamber (20) is contained an inert gas at subatmospheric pressure.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eheracterised in that the conversion chamber is constituted by optically polished metallic material.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 33, wherein characterised in that the conversion chamber is constituted by optically polished ceramic material.
- (currently amended) A system as claimed in claim 1, wherein eharacterised in
  that the inner wall of the conversion chamber is coated by a layer having high
  reflectance over the whole spectrum of the radiation emitted by the emission
  means [[(26)]].